

1910, ch. 406, sec. 27 (p. 51).

27. Subject to the provisions of section 30, a warehouseman shall have lien on goods deposited or on the proceeds thereof in his hands, for all lawful charges for storage and preservation of the goods; also for all lawful claims for money advanced, interest, insurance, transportation, labor, weighing, coopering and other charges and expenses in relation to such goods, also for all reasonable charges and expenses for notice, and advertisements of sale, and for sale of the goods where default has been made in satisfying the warehouseman's lien.

1910, ch. 406, sec. 28 (p. 52).

28. Subject to the provisions of section 30, a warehouseman's lien may be enforced.

(a) Against all goods, whenever deposited, belonging to the person who is liable as debtor for the claims in regard to which the lien is asserted; and

(b) Against all goods belonging to others which have been deposited at any time by the person who is liable as debtor for the claims in regard to which the lien is asserted, if such person has been so entrusted with the possession of the goods that a pledge of the same by him at the time of the deposit to one who took the goods in good faith for value would have been valid.

See sec. 35.

1910, ch. 406, sec. 29 (p. 52).

29. A warehouseman loses his lien upon goods:

(a) By surrendering possession thereof; or

(b) By refusing to deliver the goods when a demand is made with which he is bound to comply under the provisions of sections 1 to 60.

1910, ch. 406, sec. 30 (p. 52).

30. If a negotiable receipt is issued for goods, the warehouseman shall have no lien thereon, except for charges for storage of those goods subsequent to the date of the receipt, unless the receipt expressly enumerates other charges for which a lien is claimed. In such case there shall be a lien for the charges enumerated so far as they are within the terms of section 27, although the amount of the charges so enumerated is not stated in the receipt.

1910, ch. 406, sec. 31 (p. 52).

31. A warehouseman having a lien valid against the person demanding the goods may refuse to deliver the goods to him until the lien is satisfied.

1910, ch. 406, sec. 32 (p. 52).

32. Whether a warehouseman has or has not a lien upon the goods, he is entitled to all remedies allowed by law to a creditor against his debtor, for the collection from the depositor of all charges and advances